# WELCOME

# () TC Energy 2024 Investor Day

November 19, 2024





## Land acknowledgement & safety moment

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Gavin Wylie Vice-President, Investor Relations



# Forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures

This presentation includes certain forward-looking information, including future oriented financial information or financial outlook, which is intended to help current and potential investors understand management's assessment of our future plans and financial outlook, and our future prospects overall. Statements that are forward-looking are based on certain assumptions and on what we know and expect today and generally include words like anticipate, expect, believe, may, will, should, estimate or other similar words. Forward-looking statements do not guarantee future performance. Actual events and results could be significantly different because of assumptions, risks or uncertainties related to our business or events that happen after the date of this presentation. Our forward-looking information in this presentation includes, but is not limited to, statements related to: our comparable EBITDA outlook, our adjusted funds generated from operations outlook, our debt-to-EBITDA leverage metrics, our targeted leverage metrics, our financial and operational performance, including the performance of our subsidiaries, expectations about strategies and goals for growth and expansion, including acquisitions, expected cash flows and future financing options available along with portfolio management, expectations regarding the size, structure, timing, conditions and outcome of ongoing and future transactions, expected dividend growth, expected access to and cost of capital, expected energy demand levels, expected costs and schedules for planned projects, including projects under construction and in development , expected capital expenditures, contractual obligations, commitments and contingent liabilities, including environmental remediation costs, expected regulatory processes and outcomes, statements related to our GHG emissions Reduction Plan, expected industry, market and economic conditions, including their impact on our customers and suppliers.

Our forward-looking information is based on certain key assumptions and is subject to risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to realization of expected benefits from acquisitions, divestitures, and energy transition, our ability to successfully implement our strategic priorities, including the Focus Project, and whether they will yield the expected benefits, our ability to implement a capital allocation strategy aligned with maximizing shareholder value, operating performance of our pipelines, power generation and storage assets, amount of capacity sold and rates achieved in our pipeline businesses, amount of capacity payments and revenues from power generation assets due to plant availability, production levels within supply basins, construction and completion of capital projects, cost, availability of, and inflationary pressures on, labour, equipment and materials, availability and market prices of commodities, access to capital markets on competitive terms, interest, tax and foreign exchange rates, performance and credit risk of our counterparties, regulatory decisions and outcomes of legal proceedings, including arbitration and insurance claims, our ability to realize the value of tangible assets and contractual recoveries, competition in the businesses in which we operate, unexpected or unusual weather, acts of civil disobedience, cybersecurity and technological developments, sustainability-related risks, impact of energy transition on our business, economic conditions in North America, as well as globally, global health crises, such as pandemics and the intended purpose. We do not update our forward-looking information or future event unless we are required to by law. For additional information on the assumptions made, and the risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ from the anticipated results, refer to the most recent Quarterly Report to Shareholders and Annual Report filed under TC Energy's profile on SEDAR+ at www.seedarplus.ca and with the U.S. Securities and Ex

This presentation refers to comparable EBITDA, adjusted comparable EBITDA, comparable earnings per share, adjusted funds from operations (AFFO), net capital expenditures, adjusted debt, build multiple, and after-tax internal rate of return (ATIRR), each of which does not have any standardized meaning as prescribed by U.S. GAAP and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other entities. The most directly comparable measures presented in the financial statements are: (i) in respect of comparable EBITDA and adjusted comparable EBITDA, segmented earnings, (ii) in respect of comparable earnings per share, net income per common share, (iii) in respect of adjusted debt, (iv) in respect of adjusted from operations, net cash provided by operations, and (v) in respect of net capital expenditures, capital expenditures. The presentation also contains references to debt-to-EBITDA, a non-GAAP ratio, which is calculated using adjusted debt and adjusted comparable EBITDA, each of which are supplementary financial measures. We believe debt-to-EBITDA ratios provide investors with a useful credit measure as they reflect our ability to service our debt and other long-term commitments. We believe build multiple provides investors with a useful measure to evaluate capital projects. We believe ATIRR is a useful measure to assess expected project returns against hurdle rates and other projects being assessed for capital allocation purposes.

Dividend payout ratio is also referred to in the presentation, which is calculated as the percentage of comparable earnings per share in the relevant period which comprises the amount of dividends expected to be paid to holders of common shares in such period. We believe this payout ratio provides investors with useful information regarding the ability of, and the extent to which, TC Energy pays dividends on its common shares.

For reconciliations of: Comparable EBITDA to segmented earnings and comparable earnings per share to net income per common share, refer to the applicable business segment in our management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) for the applicable period, which sections are incorporated by reference herein and to the Appendices hereto. For the remaining reconciliations for non-GAAP measures, non-GAAP measures, refer to the Appendices hereto. Refer to the non-GAAP measures section of the MD&A in our most recent quarterly report for more information about the non-GAAP measures we use, which section of the MD&A is incorporated by reference herein. Refer to the non-GAAP measures section of the MD&A is incorporated by reference. The MD&A can be found on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca under TC Energy's profile.

This presentation contains statistical data, market research and industry forecasts that were obtained from third party sources, industry publications, and publicly available information. We believe that the market and industry data presented throughout this presentation is accurate and, with respect to data prepared by us or on our behalf, that our estimates and assumptions are reasonable, but there can be no assurance as to the accuracy or completeness thereof. The accuracy and completeness of the market and industry data presented throughout this presentation is not guaranteed and we make no representation as to the accuracy of such information. Although we believe it to be reliable, we have not independently verified any of the data from third-party sources referred to in this presentation, or analyzed or verified the underlying studies or surveys relied upon or referred to by such sources, or ascertained the underlying economic and other assumptions relied upon by such sources and we make no representation as to the accuracy of such data. Actual outcomes may vary materially from those forecast in such reports or publications, and the prospect for material variation can be expected to increase as the length of the forecast period increases. Market and industry data is subject to variations and cannot be verified due to limits on the availability and reliability of data inputs, the voluntary nature of the data gathering process and other limitations and uncertainties inherent in any statistical survey.

#### ()TC ENERGY 2024 INVESTOR DAY



# **Today's Agenda**

Presentations •••• 8:00 - 9:00 am EST

Q&A •••• 9:00 - 10:00 am EST

**Breakout sessions** •••• 10:00 - 11:00 am EST **Natural Gas Pipelines** 

Strategic outlook

– François Poirier

– Gavin Wylie

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- Stanley G. Chapman, III
- **Power and Energy Solutions** – Annesley Wallace ••••

Land acknowledgement & safety moment

**Financial outlook** – Sean O'Donnell

#### Q&A – Executive panel

**Breakout sessions** 



# Strategic outlook

**François Poirier** President and Chief Executive Officer

# SOLID GROWTH \* LOW RISK \* REPEATABLE PERFORMANCE

Natural Gas

TC Energy Investor Day Key Takeaways:



Focused natural gas and power company



**Opportunities to capture highest-value projects** with visibility to the end of the decade



Disciplined capital allocation supports above average growth with below average risk

1/1/2024

# Solid execution and focused priorities delivering value



Safety ensures reliability and availability across our portfolio of assets

and operational excellence

- Completed South Bow spinoff and integration of Natural Gas Pipelines businesses
- Enhanced comparable EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> via NGTL **five-year** revenue requirement settlement

- Southeast Gateway cost estimate lowered by ~11%, to US\$3.9 – US\$4.1 billion; tracking to schedule
- Tracking cost and schedule for Bruce Power Unit 3 MCR
- On track to place **~\$7** billion<sup>(2)</sup> of assets into service in 2024; **~\$8.5** billion in 2025

# Enhancing balance sheet strength and flexibility

**S** 

TRP stock performance year-to-date<sup>(6</sup>

11/13/2024

- Between 2024E and 2027E revised net capital expenditures<sup>(3)</sup> lower by ~\$2.5 billion
- Comparable EBITDA in the **upper end or above outlook** for the last three years
- 5.4x debt-to-EBITDA<sup>(4)</sup> in 2022 to
   4.75x debt-to-EBITDA in 2024E<sup>(5)</sup>

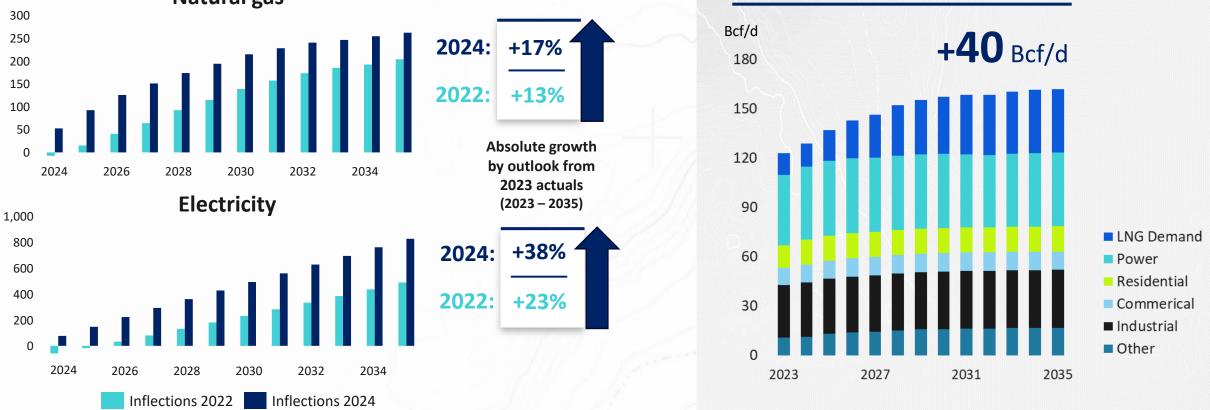
(1) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations. (2) Includes TC Energy's 35 per cent equity share of Coastal GasLink. (3) Net capital expenditure is adjusted for the portion attributed to non-controlling interests and is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. (4) Debt-to-EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure slide at the front of this presentation for more information. (4) Debt-to-EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. (5) Expected 2024 year-end debt-to-EBITDA. (6) Source: FactSet. Pre-spin TRP-TSX share prices shown adjusted for the spinoff.

# The world needs more energy to meet wide-scale electrification

#### Cumulative final energy consumption<sup>(1)</sup>

MMtoe, calculated from actual 2023 levels

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North American natural gas demand

forecast to reach ~160 Bcf/d by 2035<sup>(2)</sup>

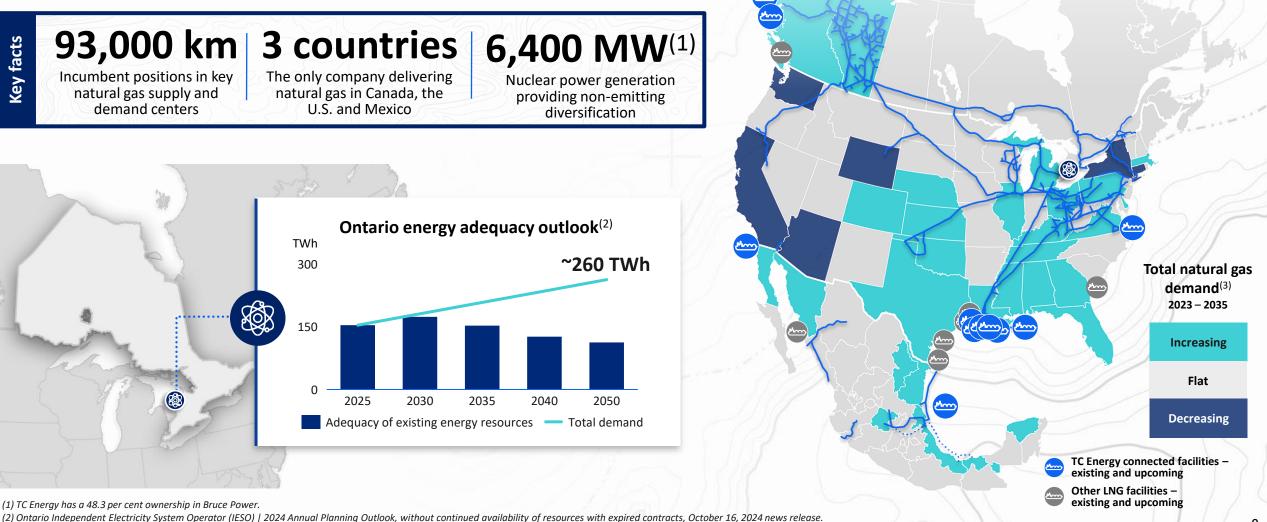
#### Natural gas

Natural gas and electricity account for 75% of total growth in final energy consumption

(1) Source: S&P Global Commodity Insights – Inflections Climate Scenario (2022, 2024). (2) Source: TC Energy internal data and forecast.

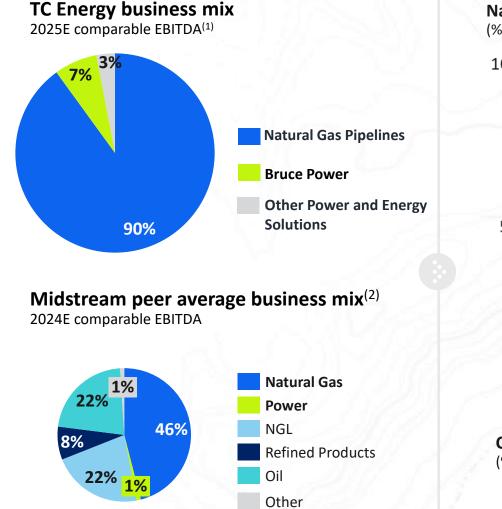
# Our North American footprint connects critical growth markets

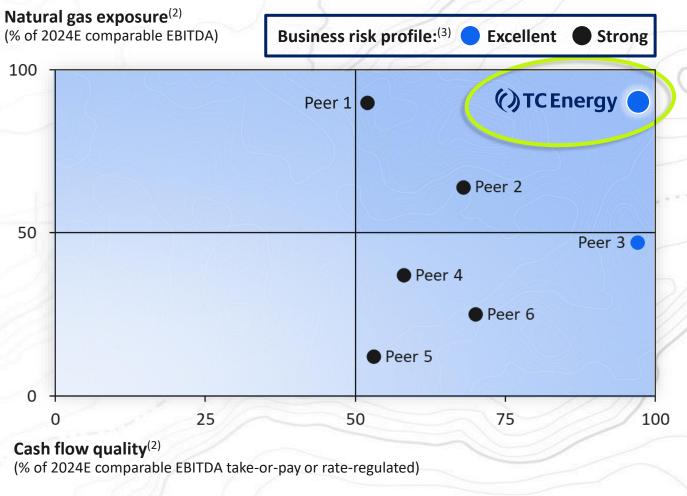
Unique footprint and portfolio mix



(3) TC Energy internal forecast.

# Low risk portfolio highly aligned to long-term fundamentals





(1) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations. (2) Source: Investor materials. Eaual weighted average business mix.

(3) Source: S&P business risk profile as of November 8, 2024.

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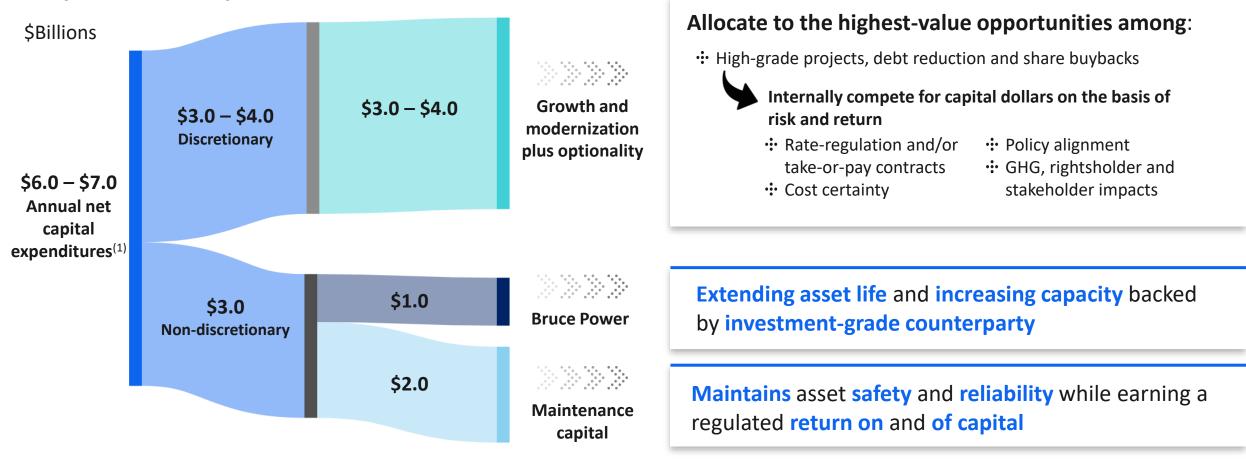
# Building our high-value project pipeline

|   |                   |                    | Strategic pillar  | 2023 – 2035<br><b>Growth</b>   | TC Energy<br><b>Potential</b>  |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|
| <b>Secu</b><br>\$Billic                             | ured capital prog | ram <sup>(1)</sup> | n <sup>(1)</sup> Next wave LNG<br>LNG connectivity across Canada,<br>the U.S. and Mexico                  |  | <b>9</b> Bcf/d   |
|   |                   |                    | <b>Power generation</b><br>Electrification, coal retirements, AI &<br>data centers are key growth drivers | Up to<br><b>12</b> Bcf/d<br>North America<br>power demand                          | <b>8</b> Bcf/d   |
|   | 28                | 88%                | LDC energy reliability<br>Utilities contract for demand<br>peaks, bolstering reliability                  | +2 Bcf/d<br>North America<br>LDC demand  | <b>1+</b> Bcf/d  |
|   |                   |                    | <b>Supply access</b><br>Connecting the lowest-cost supply<br>to the highest-value markets                 | +40 Bcf/d<br>North America<br>natural gas production                               | <b>5</b> Bcf/d   |
|   | 4                 | 12%                | Maintenance & modernization<br>Projects support the safe and reliable<br>delivery of record volumes       | on   | <b>\$2.5</b> billion<br>Annual investment in<br>maintenance & modernizatio |
| Natural Gas Pipelines<br>Power and Energy Solutions |                   |                    | <b>Nuclear power generation</b><br>Safe, reliable, non-emitting<br>baseload power                         | <b>18</b> GW<br>added nuclear capacity<br>needed in Ontario by 2050 <sup>(2)</sup> | <b>700</b> MW <sup>(3)</sup><br>TC Energy in developmen                    |

Providing essential energy infrastructure capacity to meet growing demand across the continent

(1) Based on third quarter 2024 MD&A and projects sanctioned as of November 19, 2024, including regulated maintenance capital expenditures and modernization and excluding the Liquids Pipelines business. (2) Ontario IESO Pathways to Decarbonization. (3) Relates to Bruce Power Project 2030.

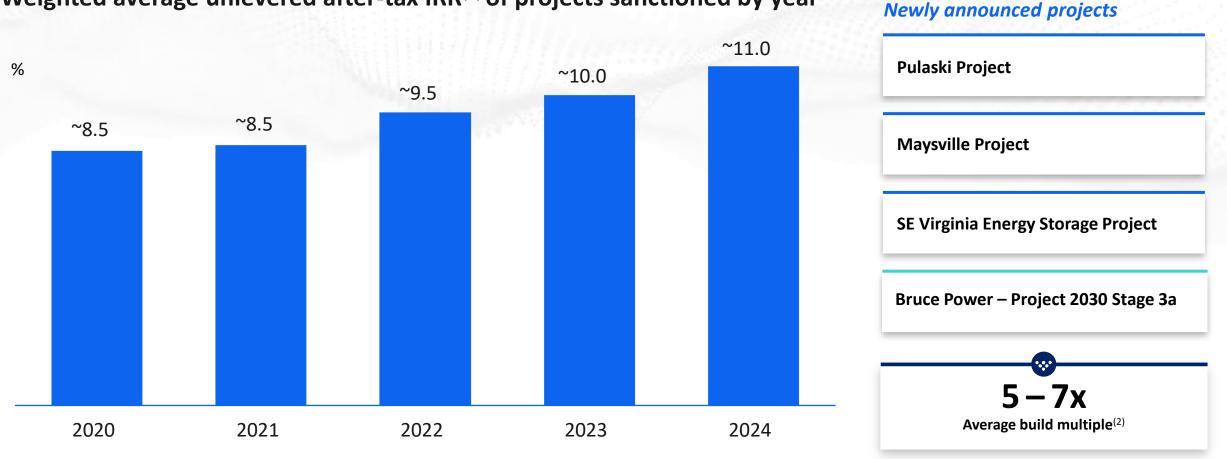
# Disciplined capital allocation that supports optimal returns and repeatable performance



Maximizing spread between rate of return and cost of capital

# Returns on sanctioned projects continue to increase

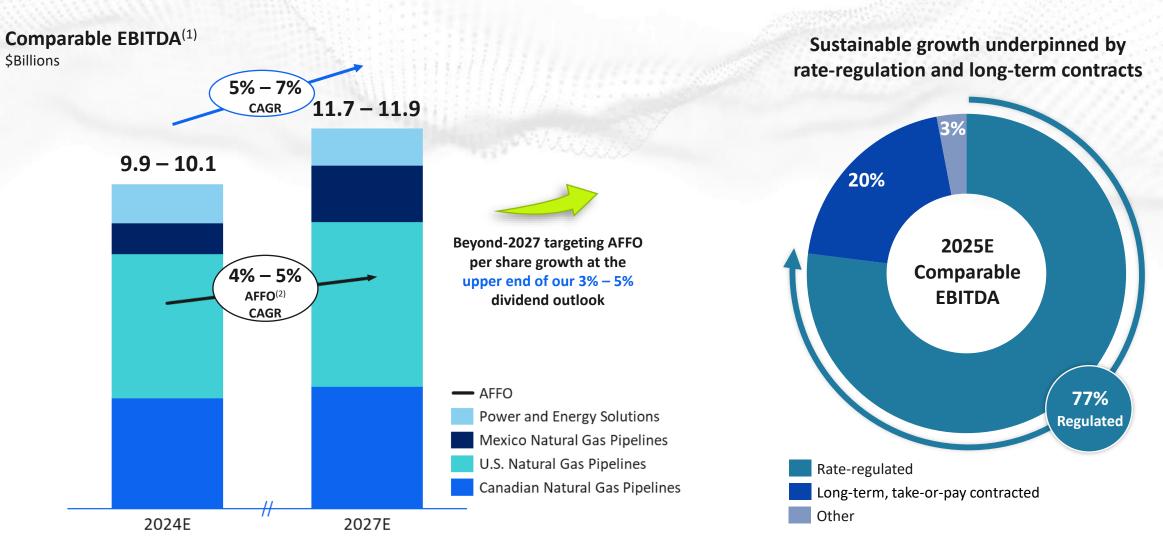
Weighted average unlevered after-tax IRR<sup>(1)</sup> of projects sanctioned by year



#### Low double-digit unlevered after-tax IRRs<sup>(1)</sup> translate to build multiples<sup>(2)</sup> of 5 – 7 times

(1) Unlevered after-tax internal rate of return is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information. (2) Build multiple is a metric calculated by dividing capital expenditures by comparable EBITDA. Please note our method for calculating build multiple may differ from methods used by other entities. Therefore, it may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other entities.

# Sustainable growth of high-quality cash flows



(1) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations. (2) Adjusted funds from operations (AFFO) is a non-GAAP measure. See forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures and the Appendix for more information. Note: Average forecast foreign exchange assumption USD/CAD: 1.35.

# SOLID GROWTH ··· LOW RISK ··· REPEATABLE PERFORMANCE

# Our 2025 strategic priorities



MAXIMIZE THE VALUE OF OUR ASSETS THROUGH SAFETY AND OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE

- Promote safe operating practices to meet safety targets and maximize the availability of assets
- Continue advancement of integrated Natural Gas Pipelines business to capture synergies
- ·:· Capture additional value through capital and operational efficiencies

EXECUTE OUR SELECTIVE PORTFOLIO OF GROWTH PROJECTS

- Execute high quality secured capital program and bring ~\$8.5 billion of assets into service
  - Including US\$3.9 US\$4.1 billion
     Southeast Gateway
- Deliver 2025E comparable EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>
   of \$10.7 \$10.9 billion



ENSURE FINANCIAL STRENGTH AND AGILITY

- Sanction projects that maximize the spread between earned return and cost of capital
- ·:· Focus on low-risk, executable projects
- Maintain commitment to annual net capital expenditures<sup>(2)</sup> of \$6 - \$7 billion

(1) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information.

(2) Net capital expenditures is adjusted for the portion attributed to non-controlling interests and is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information.



# **Natural Gas Pipelines**

#### Stanley G. Chapman, III

Executive Vice-President and Chief Operating Officer, Natural Gas Pipelines

# Unique among our peers

- **:** Extensive and historic operations across North America
- **···** Key connectivity to supply and demand centers
  - Transport up to 30% of North American LNG feedgas demand
  - :: 165+ direct connections to power generators across North America
  - : Directly connect to 8 of the 10 largest LDCs in the U.S.
  - : Key positions in WCSB, Appalachia, Haynesville and Bakken
- 🔅 Visible and attractive growth through the end of the decade



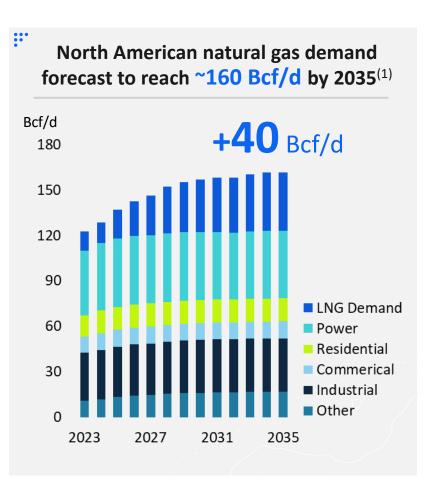




Source: TC Energy internal data.

(1) Natural gas projects based on third quarter 2024 MD&A and projects sanctioned as of November 19, 2024, including regulated maintenance capital expenditures and modernization.

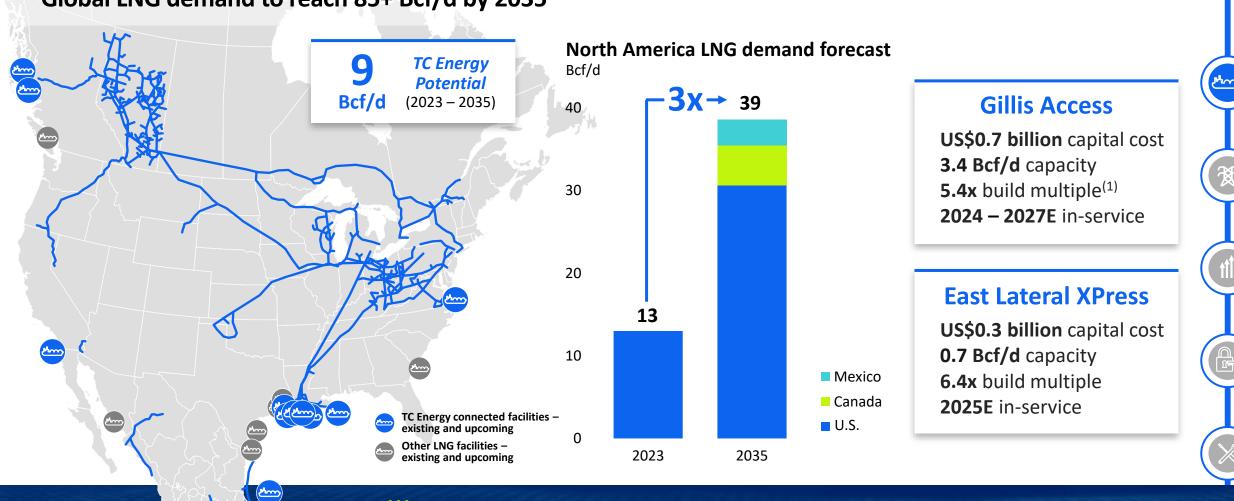
# Multiple drivers support a long runway of growth



| Strategic pillar  | 2023 – 2035<br><b>Growth</b>                              | TC Energy<br><b>Potential In de</b>          | TC Energy<br>evelopment <sup>(2)</sup> |
|---|---|--|--|
| <b>Next wave LNG</b><br>LNG connectivity across Canada,<br>the U.S. and Mexico                            | +26 Bcf/d<br>North America<br>LNG demand                  | <b>9</b> Bcf/d                               | <b>5+</b> Bcf/d                        |
| <b>Power generation</b><br>Electrification, coal retirements, AI &<br>data centers are key growth drivers | Up to<br><b>12</b> Bcf/d<br>North America<br>power demand | <b>8</b> Bcf/d                               | <b>'5</b> Bcf/d                        |
| LDC energy reliability<br>Utilities contract for demand<br>peaks, bolstering reliability                  | +2 Bcf/d<br>North America<br>LDC demand                   | <b>1+</b> Bcf/d                              | L+ Bcf/d                               |
| <b>Supply access</b><br>Connecting the lowest-cost supply to<br>the highest-value markets                 | +40 Bcf/d<br>North America<br>natural gas production      | <b>5</b> Bcf/d                               | <b>2</b> Bcf/d                         |
| Maintenance & modernization<br>Projects support the safe and reliable<br>delivery of record volumes       | on  | \$2.5 b<br>Annual invest<br>maintenance & mo | ment in                                |

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### Capturing next wave LNG opportunities across the continent Global LNG demand to reach 85+ Bcf/d by 2035

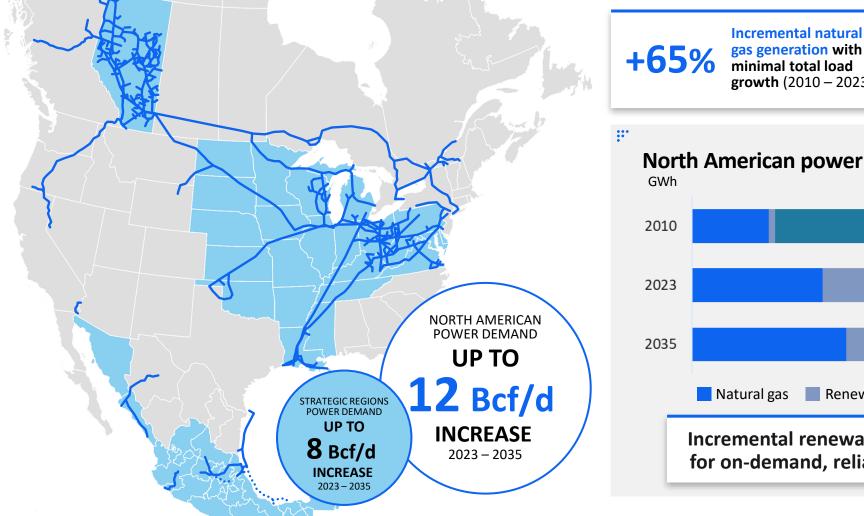


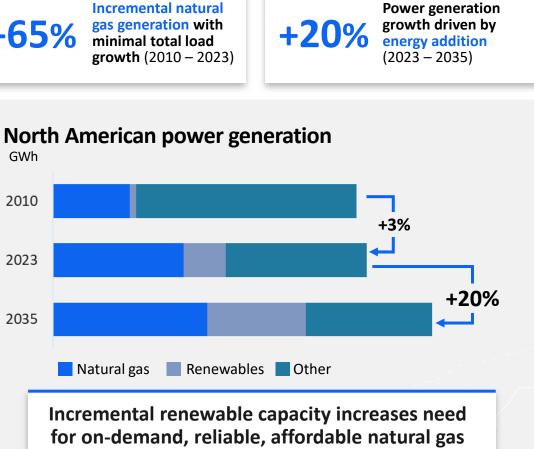
Growing our ~30% market share in a growing market

Source: TC Energy internal data and forecast.

# Unrivaled footprint supporting growth in power demand

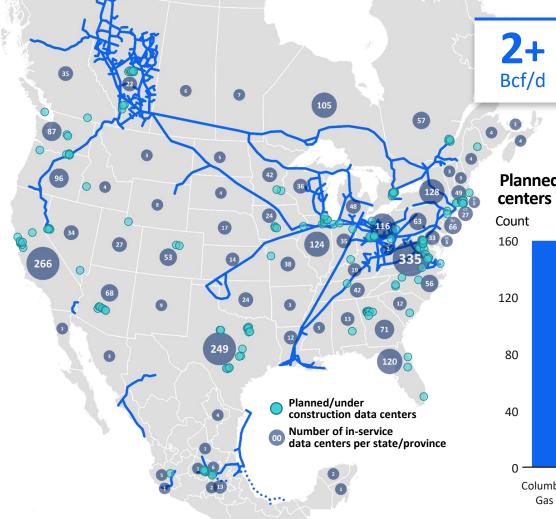
Power sector continues to set records, supporting upside over the long term





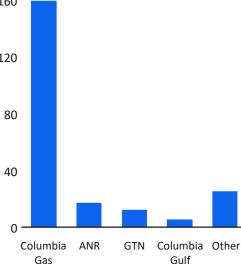
# Data centers seeking the reliability of natural gas

Approximately two-thirds of 350+ data centers being built are within 50 miles of our assets



TC Energy North American data center opportunities in origination

Planned/under construction data centers in the U.S. within 50 miles

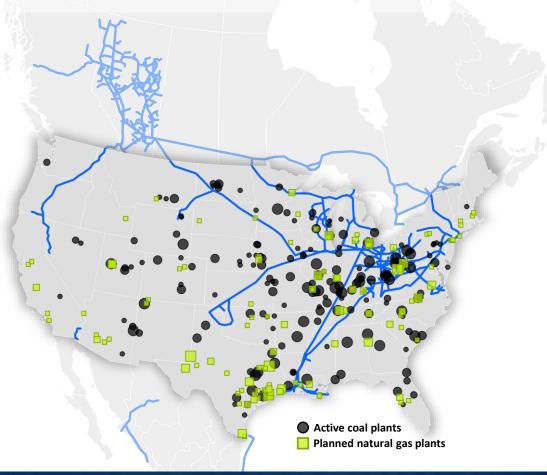


- :: LDCs, power generators and direct connections all support data center demand growth
- North American data center demand could grow by 50+ GW by 2030
- 200+ data centers planned or under construction within 50 miles of TC Energy assets



# Significant opportunity in coal retirements

225 operating coal plants in the U.S. with over 25% of capacity slated to retire by 2040



#### Pulaski Project

US\$0.4 billion capital cost
0.2 Bcf/d capacity
6.5x build multiple<sup>(1)</sup>
2029E in-service

#### **Maysville Project**

US\$0.4 billion capital cost0.2 Bcf/d capacity6.2x build multiple2029E in-service

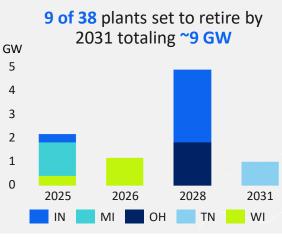
#### **ANR Heartland**

US\$0.9 billion capital cost 0.5 Bcf/d capacity 6.0x build multiple 2027E in-service

#### **TVA Expansion**

US\$30 million capital cost 0.2 Bcf/d capacity 3.5x build multiple 2025E in-service

#### **Coal retirements within 15 miles**



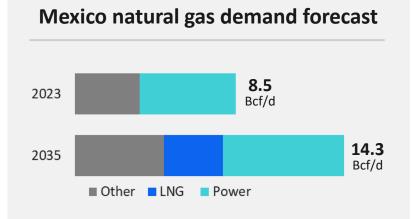
US\$2.4 billion investment in coal-to-gas switching with in-service 2025E – 2029E

Source: TC Energy internal data and forecast; US Energy Information Administration - plants sized by approximate capacity.

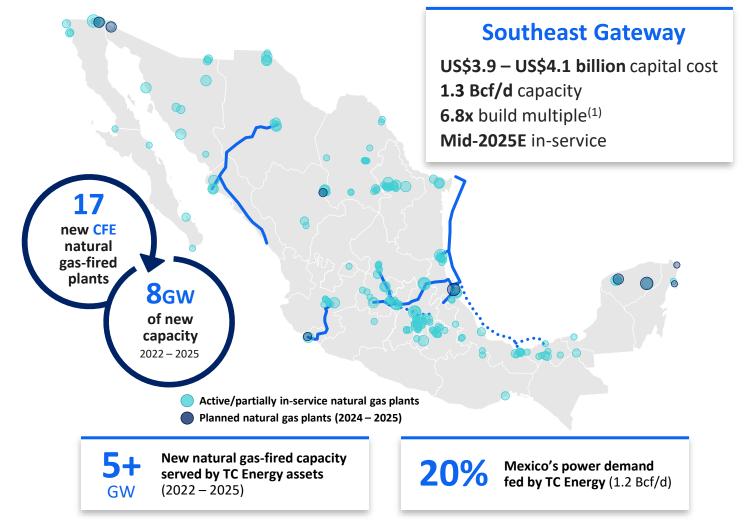
(1) Build multiple is a metric calculated by dividing capital expenditures by comparable EBITDA. Please note our method for calculating build multiple may differ from methods used by other entities. Therefore, it may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other entities.

# Meeting Mexico's natural gas demand growth

Robust fundamentals underpin demand growth driven by power sector buildout



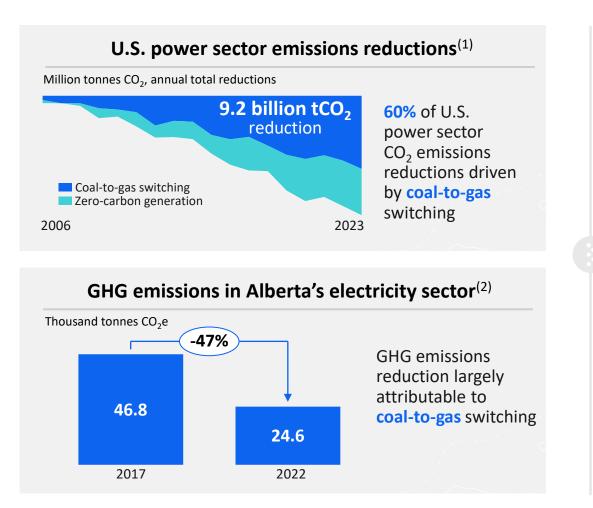
- Mexico natural gas demand to grow
   68% by 2035
- ·: Power generation, LNG and industrial nearshoring key sectors driving demand growth
- Natural gas meets +60% of Mexico's power demand needs

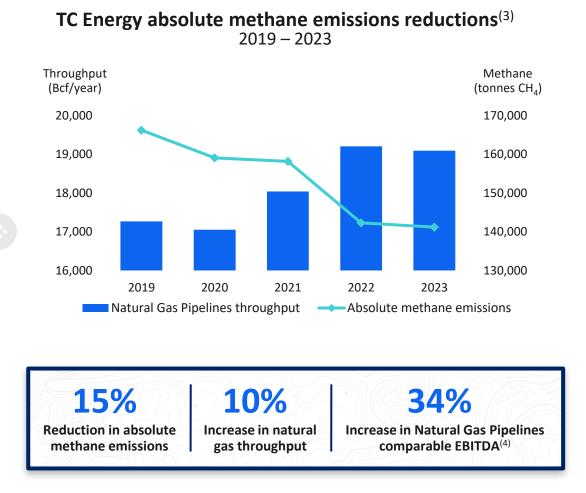


Source: TC Energy internal data and forecast; Comisión Federal de Electricidad (CFE) - plants sized by approximate capacity.

(1) Build multiple is a metric calculated by dividing capital expenditures by comparable EBITDA. Please note our method for calculating build multiple may differ from methods used by other entities. Therefore, it may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other entities

### Natural gas plays an important role in power sector emissions reductions Managing methane emissions through operational innovation





(1) Reduced sector emissions relative to 2005; Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.

(2) National Inventory Report 1990 - 2022: Greenhouse Gas Sources and Sinks in Canada, AESO.

(3) Methane emissions attributed to Scope 1 emissions.

(4) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations.

# Pipeline and storage capacity underpin energy reliability for LDCs

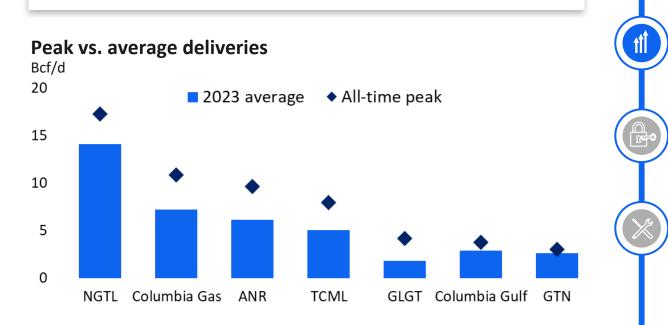
LDC customers secure capacity to meet peak day demands

- 50+ Bcf/d difference between annual average and peak day U.S. LDC demand
- Storage plays a critical role in supporting LDC energy reliability
  - :: 532 Bcf U.S. natural gas storage capacity
  - 8<sup>th</sup> consecutive year of 100% storage capacity contracting
  - Storage supports key TC Energy assets with the ability to meet ~35% of peak-day deliveries



#### SE Virginia Energy Storage Project

Serving LDC peak demand and mitigating pricing exposure US\$0.3 billion capital cost
0.1 Bcf/d deliverability
5.7x build multiple<sup>(1)</sup>
2030E in-service

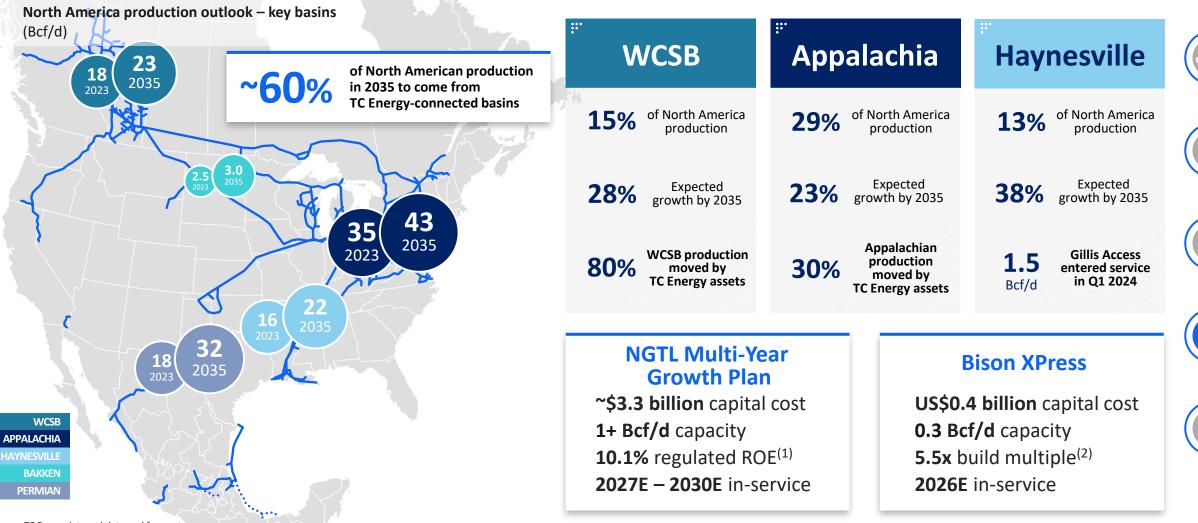


Source: TC Energy internal data and forecast.

(1) Build multiple is a metric calculated by dividing capital expenditures by comparable EBITDA. Please note our method for calculating build multiple may differ from methods used by other entities. Therefore, it may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other entities.

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### Connecting the lowest-cost supply to highest-value markets North American production to increase nearly 40 Bcf/d by 2035



Source: TC Energy internal data and forecast.

(1) Return on equity on 40 per cent deemed common equity.

# **Clear growth visibility** through 2030

#### Next Wave LNG

- : Gillis Access Project | 2024 2027
- Coastal GasLink Project | 2024
- East Lateral XPress Project | 2025
- ··· Cedar Link Project | 2028

#### LDC Energy Reliability

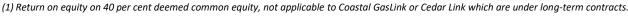
- GTN XPress Project | 2024
- Eastern Panhandle Project | 2025
- Ventura XPress Project | 2025
- VR Project | 2025
- \* SE Virginia Energy Storage Project | 2030

#### **Power Generation**

- Southeast Gateway Project | 2025
- TVA Expansion Project | 2025
- WR Project | 2025
- ANR Heartland Project | 2027
- Pulaski Project | 2029
- Maysville Project | 2029

#### **Supply Access**

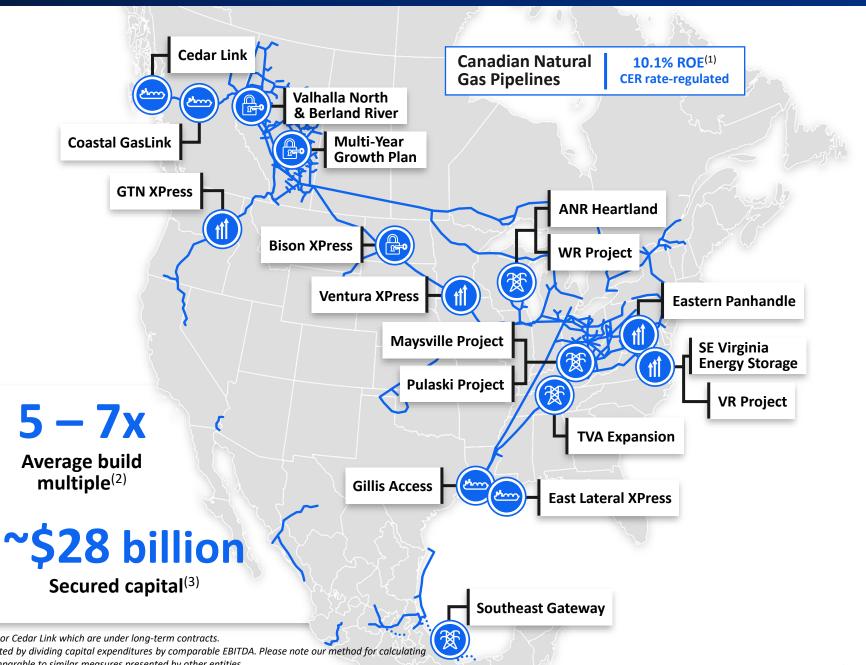
- Bison XPress Project | 2026
- Valhalla North & Berland River Project | 2026
- NGTL Multi-Year Growth Plan | 2027 2030



(2) Related to U.S. and Mexico Natural Gas Pipelines projects. Build multiple is a metric calculated by dividing capital expenditures by comparable EBITDA. Please note our method for calculatin

build multiple may differ from methods used by other entities. Therefore, it may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other entities.

(3) Secured Natural Gas Pipelines projects, based on third quarter 2024 MD&A and projects sanctioned as of November 19, 2024, including regulated maintenance capital expenditures and modernization.



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## Unique among our peers

Longstanding, extensive operations across North America with visible growth through 2030 and beyond

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#### Safety

. Currently experiencing the best safety performance in the past 5 years

#### **Operational Excellence**

Natural Gas Pipelines integration driving efficiency and value

Compression reliability supports record deliveries



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#### **Project Origination & Execution**

· Deliver projects on time and on budget



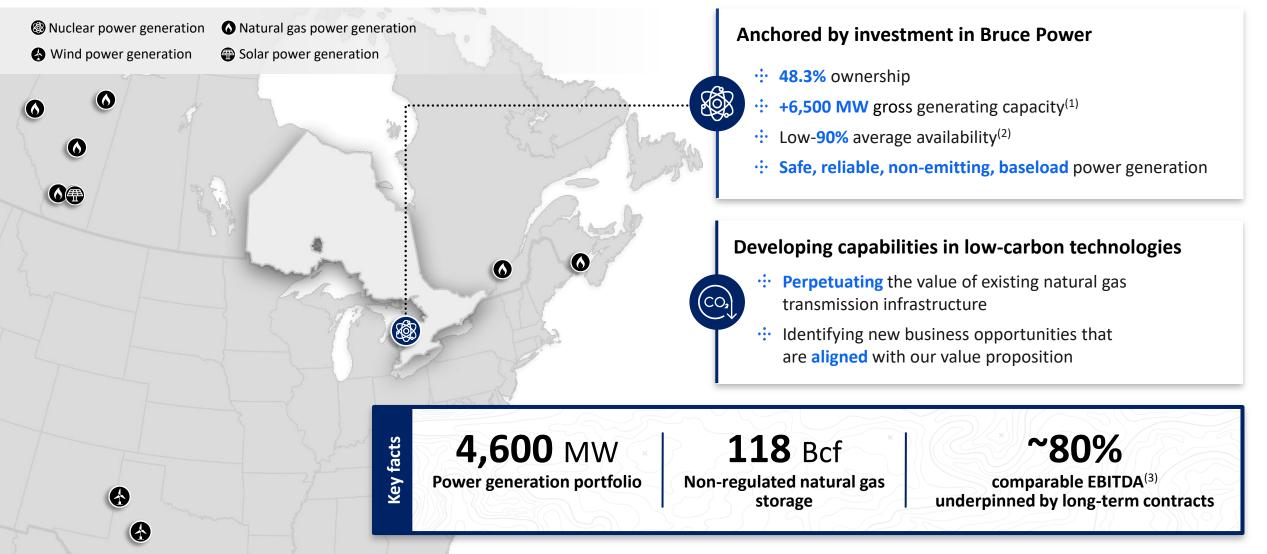
Tracking to record financial results in 2024



## **Power and Energy Solutions**

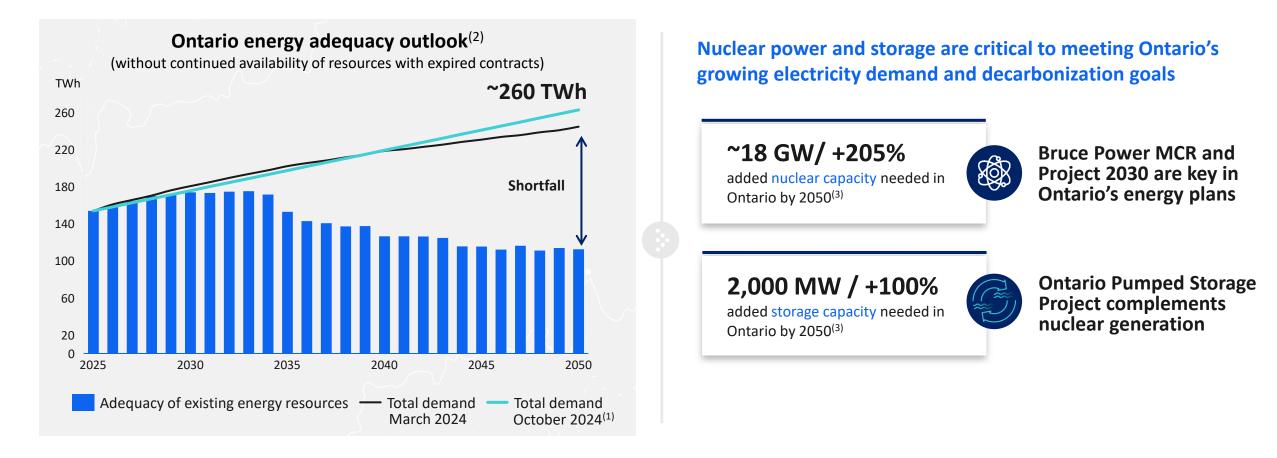
 Annesley Wallace
 Executive Vice-Presid Executive Vice-President, Strategy and Corporate Development and President, Power and Energy Solutions

# Maximizing the value of our Power and Energy Solutions portfolio



(1) TC Energy has 48.3% ownership. (2) 2024 full-year outlook. Defined as the percentage of time the plant was available to generate power, regardless of whether it was running. Excludes MCR outage days. (3) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations.

# Electricity demand in Ontario to grow 75% by 2050<sup>(1)</sup>



Incumbency in Ontario's power market offers significant growth opportunities

(1) Ontario Independent Electricity System Operator (IESO) October 16, 2024, news release
(2) IESO, 2024 Annual Planning Outlook
(3) IESO, Pathways to Decarbonization

🕈 Bruce Power site; Ontario, Canada

# Bruce Power – a world class nuclear generation facility

#### Solid growth

- Non-emitting energy serving ~30% of Ontario electricity generation at ~30% less than the average residential cost
- MCR and uprate programs offer investment into 2030s
- : Global leader in the production of cancer treating isotopes

#### Low risk

- Long-term contract with Ontario IESO to 2064
- No liability for decommissioning or long-term storage of spent fuel
- Localized supply chain drives efficiencies; ~90% of spend in Ontario

#### **Repeatable performance**

\*= \*=

- Safe, reliable operations for over
   47 years
- Existing infrastructure supports additional capacity through repeatable model

# MCR program – a repeatable model driving value



💳 Planned outage 🛛 💳 Completed/underway 🔶 MCR-related price increase<sup>(1)</sup>

#### MCR program highlights

- Unit 6 completed on budget, ahead of schedule  $\overline{}$ and with an industry-best safety record
- Unit 3 progressing on time and on budget -i--
- Contract price adjusted annually for cost · • escalation and to account for capital investments
- · • Each refurbishment adds approximately 35+ years of operational life

#### Bruce Power MCR 3

\$1.1 billion net capital cost<sup>(2)</sup> ~800 MW nameplate capacity<sup>(3)</sup> Low double-digit unlevered after-tax IRR<sup>(4)</sup> **2026E** in-service

#### **Bruce Power MCR 4**

\$0.9 billion net capital cost<sup>(2)</sup> ~800 MW nameplate capacity<sup>(3)</sup> Low double-digit unlevered after-tax IRR<sup>(4)</sup> 2028E in-service



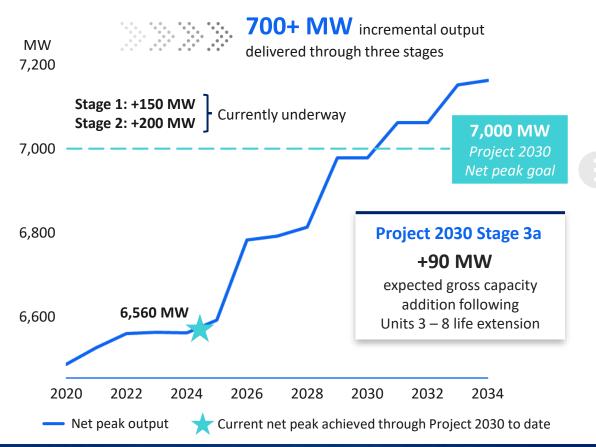
(1) Adjustments due to asset management work not shown but occur every third year starting in 2016. (2) Net capital cost is attributable to TC Energy's 48.3% proportional share.

(3) Nameplate capacity – or net peak output – refers to when all operating conditions are optimal.

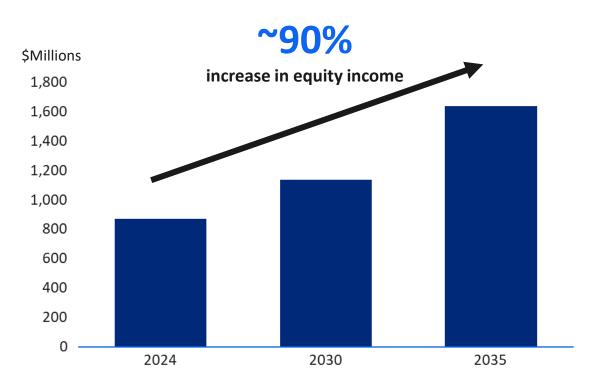
(4) Unlevered after-tax internal rate of return is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information.

# Optimizing existing assets to drive significant growth

#### **Bruce Power capacity forecast with Project 2030**



Equity income expected to nearly double post-MCR and Project 2030<sup>(1)</sup>



Project 2030 adds the equivalent of a ninth large-scale reactor without significant additional infrastructure

# Leverage and enhance capabilities for lower-carbon growth

#### Positioning TC Energy for a lower carbon future by:

Enhancing and preserving value of existing infrastructure

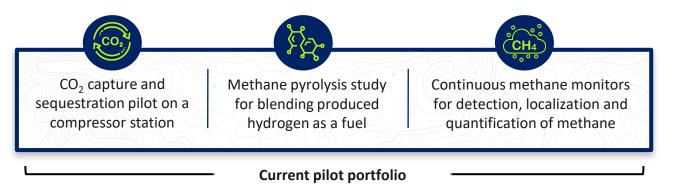
Ensuring our natural gas networks remain well utilized

#### Diversification

Identify new business opportunities that align with our value proposition

Building internal capabilities in technologies adjacent to our core Natural Gas Pipelines business

- Pilot development & venture investments
  - : Support emission reduction efforts across Natural Gas Pipelines business
  - ·: Proactive market & technology engagement to better understand pace of transition
  - ·: Develop internal capabilities to enhance success of deploying new technologies
  - : Small, strategic investments that seek to generate outsized returns



High-grade opportunities that align with our value proposition

# Solid growth, low risk, repeatable performance



#### Anchored by nuclear power

- \* ~\$1 billion annual investment in Bruce Power through MCR program and Project 2030 expected to generate solid returns
- Continued optionality for future investment opportunities

Maximizing the value of the natural gas generation and storage portfolio

 Rising electricity demand supports position in reliable gas fired generation and storage capacity

#### Developing capabilities in low carbon technologies

Perpetuate the value of existing natural gas infrastructure

Create pathways for future growth opportunities



### **Financial outlook**

**Sean O'Donnell** Executive Vice Pre

Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer



### Our core principles

### Long-term view grounded in fundamentals

- **93,000 km** of irreplaceable natural gas pipelines connect lowest-cost supply basins to highest-demand markets
- Differentiated power business anchored in nuclear generation
- Alignment to evolving energy mix

## Adherence to conservative risk preferences

- ✓ ~97% of comparable EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> underpinned by rate-regulation and/or take-or-pay contracts
- Appropriate allocation of cost and schedule risk

# Disciplined capital allocation

- Maintain commitment to annual net capital expenditures<sup>(2)</sup> of \$6 - \$7 billion
- Invest in projects that
   maximize the spread
   between earned return and
   cost of capital

Financial strength and agility

Manage to upper limit of 4.75 times debt-to-EBITDA<sup>(3)</sup>

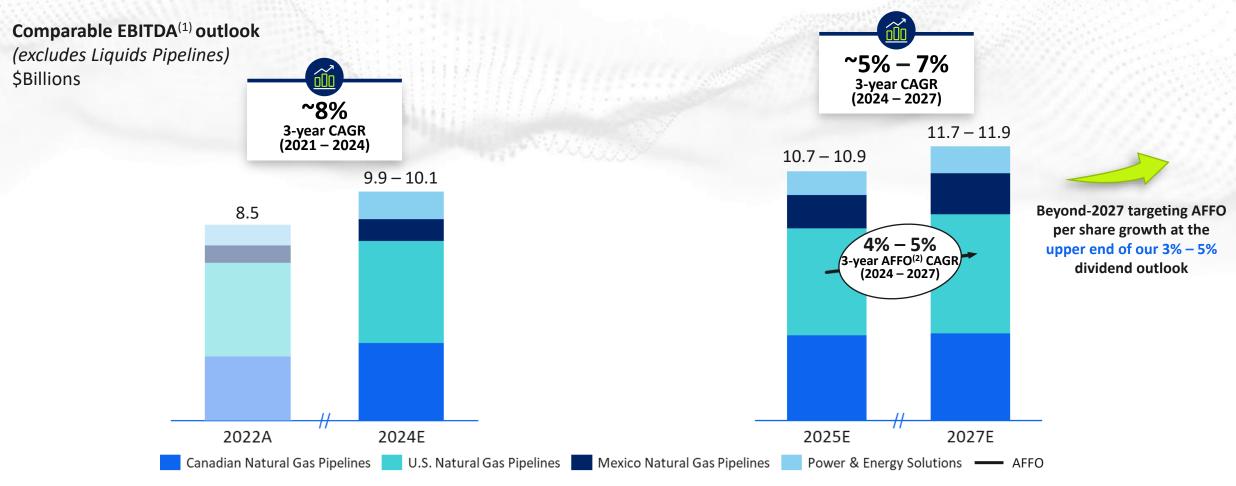
24 consecutive years of dividend increases with competitive payout ratios

(1) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information.

(2) Net capital expenditures is adjusted for the portion attributed to non-controlling interests and is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information.

(3) Debt-to-EBITDA is a non-GAAP ratio. Adjusted debt and adjusted comparable EBITDA are the non-GAAP measures used to calculate debt-to-EBITDA. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information.

### Organically delivering 2024E – 2027E comparable EBITDA CAGR of 5% – 7%



#### ••• Repeatable performance

Notes: Average forecast foreign exchange assumption USD/CAD: 1.35.

Solid growth

• • •

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(1) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations.

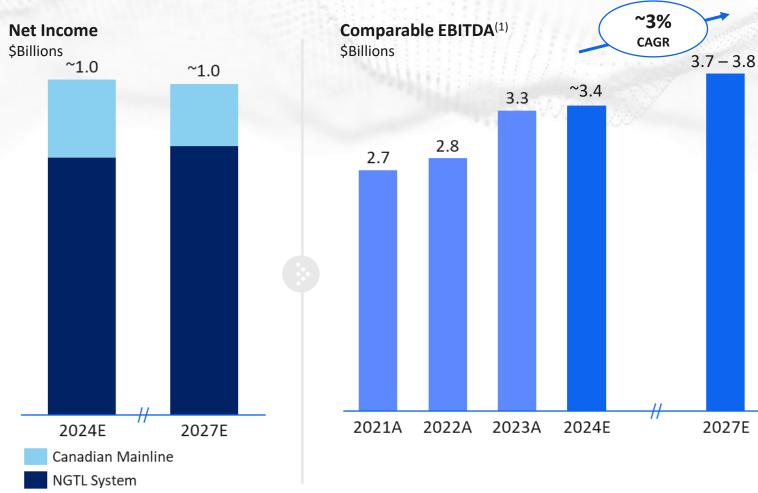
(2) Adjusted funds from operations (AFFO) is a non-GAAP measure. See forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures and the Appendix for more information.

Low risk

•••

# **Canadian Natural Gas Pipelines**

#### Solid growth underpinned by rate-regulation





- \*\* ~\$150 \$200 million annual expected increase in comparable EBITDA under NGTL System five-year settlement
- Settlement enables a ~\$3.3 billion multi-year growth program<sup>(3)</sup>
- \$1.8 billion secured growth capital coming into service for NGTL System 2024 – 2027<sup>(4)</sup>
- \*\* ~\$700 \$800 million average annual recoverable maintenance capital

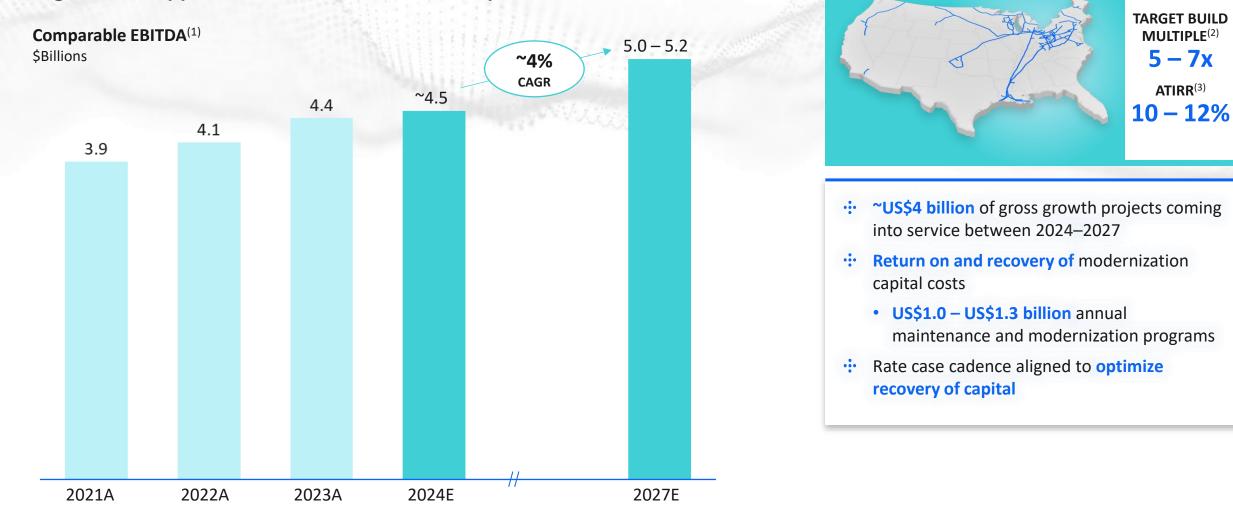
(1) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations.

(2) Return on equity on 40 per cent deemed common equity excluding Coastal GasLink and Cedar LNG.

(3) Comprised of multiple distinct projects with targeted in-service dates between 2027 and 2030 that are subject to final company and regulatory approvals. (4) Based on third quarter 2024 MD&A.

## **U.S. Natural Gas Pipelines**

Significant opportunities to maximize risk-adjusted returns



(1) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations.

(2) Build multiple is a metric calculated by dividing capital expenditures by comparable EBITDA. Please note our method for calculating build multiple may differ from methods used by other entities. Therefore, it may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other entities.

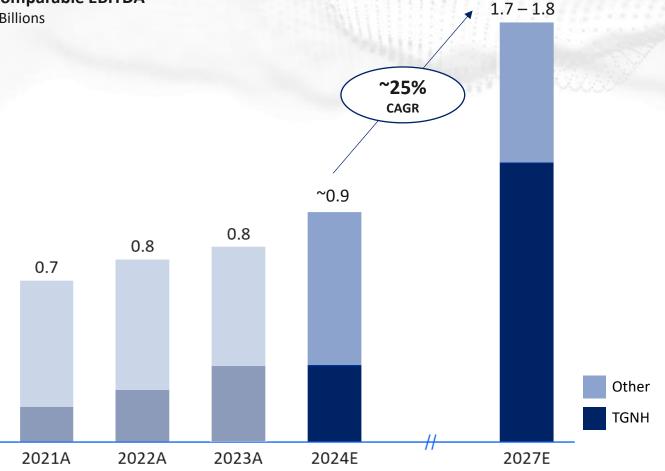
(3) Unlevered after-tax internal rate of return is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information.

Note: Average forecast foreign exchange assumption USD/CAD: 1.35.

# **Mexico Natural Gas Pipelines**

#### Material inflection in 2025

Comparable EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> \$Billions





- : US\$3.9 US\$4.1 billion Southeast Gateway pipeline project expected to be in-service no later than mid-2025
  - Adds ~US\$600 million in annual incremental comparable EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>
- •• Strong, stable cash flow generated by long-term, take-or-pay, USD denominated contracts
- Manage net economic exposure toward •••• ~10% of comparable EBITDA over time
  - Opportunity to utilize partnerships following in-service of Southeast Gateway

(1) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations.

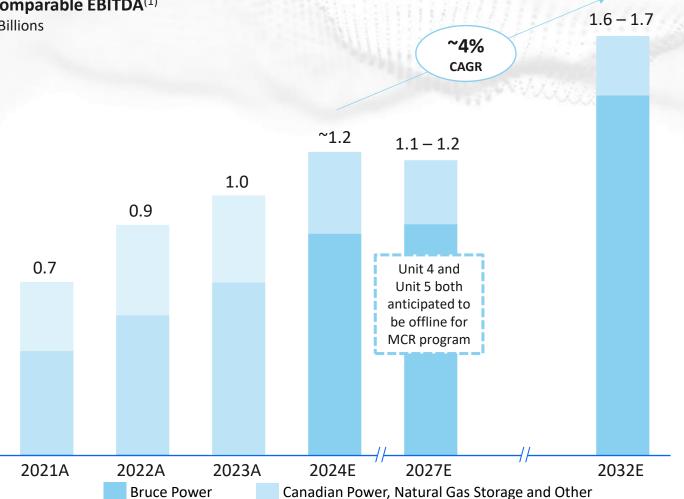
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(3) Unlevered after-tax internal rate of return is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information.

## **Power and Energy Solutions**

#### High quality, long-term growth visibility

**Comparable EBITDA**<sup>(1)</sup> \$Billions





LOW **DOUBLE-DIGIT** ATIRR<sup>(2)</sup> AT **BRUCE POWER** 

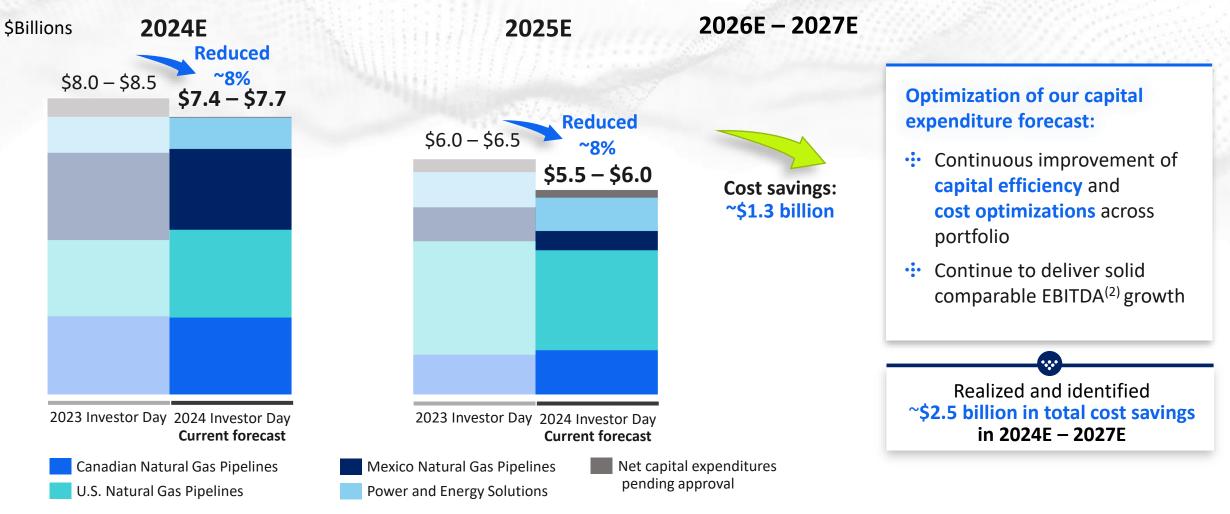
- Largely underpinned by long-term contracts •••• with creditworthy counterparties
- Bruce Power: ••••
  - Unit 6 MCR completed within budget and ahead of schedule in 2023
  - Unit 3 MCR began in 2023 and is progressing on plan with expected return to service in 2026
  - Non-standard price increases<sup>(3)</sup> in 2024, 2025, 2027 and 2029

(1) Bruce Power represents TC Energy's share of equity income. Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations. (2) Unlevered after-tax internal rate of return is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information.

(3) Annual price adjustments are related to upcoming Major Component Replacement (MCR). Does not include adjustments due to asset management work.

### Realizing capital efficiencies and optimization

Net sanctioned and pending approval capital expenditures<sup>(1)</sup>

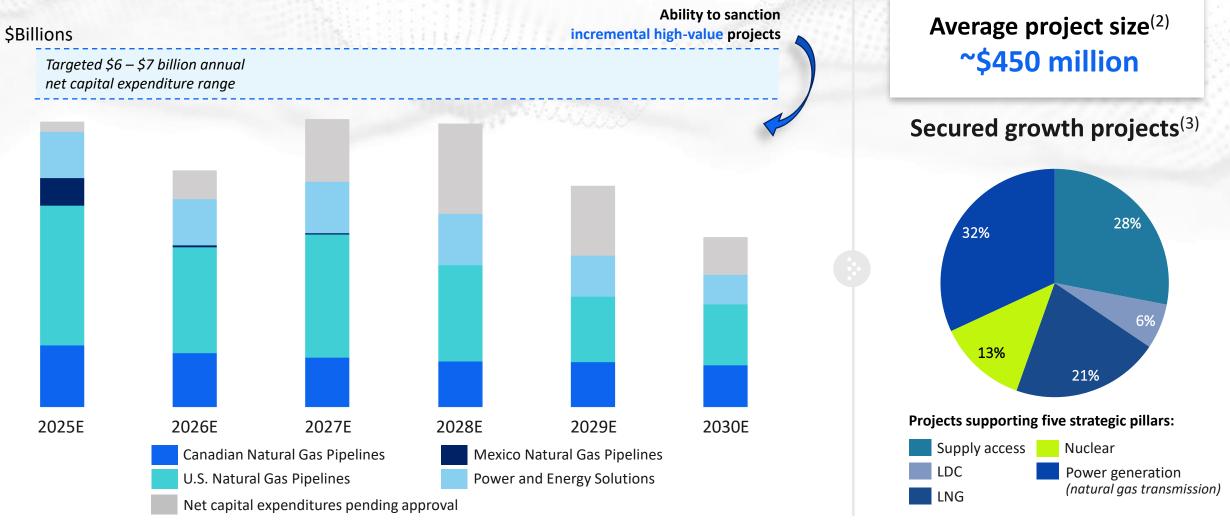


(1) Net capital expenditures is adjusted for the portion attributed to non-controlling interests and is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Note: Includes capitalized interest and debt AFUDC.

(2) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations. Note: Average forecast foreign exchange assumption USD/CAD: 1.35.

## Disciplined and strategic sanctioned capital spending

#### Net sanctioned capital expenditures<sup>(1)</sup>

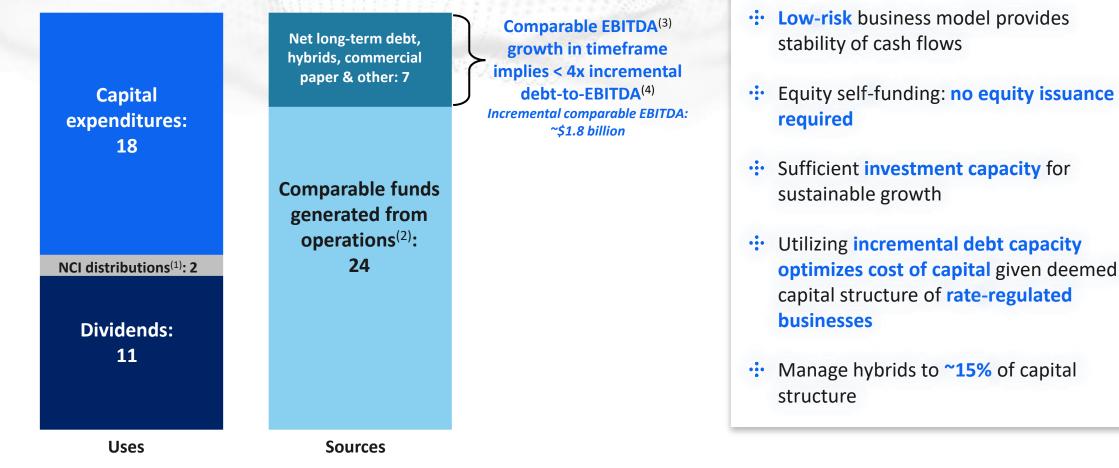


(1) Net capital expenditures is adjusted for the portion attributed to non-controlling interests and is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Note: Includes capitalized interest and debt AFUDC. (2) Includes projects estimated to be placed in-service from 2025-onward. (3) Based on third quarter 2024 MD&A and projects sanctioned as of November 19, 2024, excluding regulated maintenance capital expenditures, modernization and the Liquids Pipelines business. Note: Average forecast foreign exchange assumption USD/CAD: 1.35.

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## Funding our capital program 2025E – 2027E

\$Billions



(1) NCI distributions reflect non-controlling interest distributions after capital expenditures and debt recapitalization.

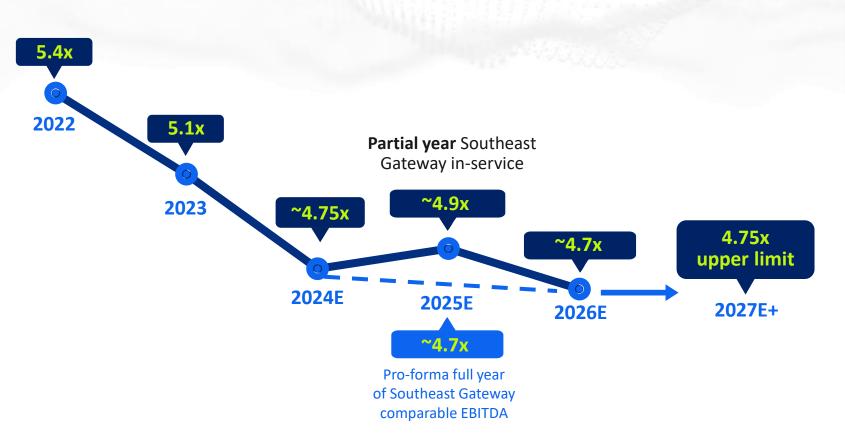
(2) Comparable funds generated from operations is presented on a gross basis and is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information.

(3) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations.

(4) Debt-to-EBITDA is a non-GAAP ratio. Adjusted debt and adjusted comparable EBITDA are the non-GAAP measures used to calculate debt-to-EBITDA. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information.

# Organic deleveraging phase ensures 4.75 times debt-to-EBITDA upper limit

Year-end debt-to-EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>



#### Levers to manage to upper limit of 4.75x debt-to-EBITDA

- · Optimize capital expenditures
- Outperform comparable
   EBITDA<sup>(2)</sup> expectations
- Potential capital rotation



(1) Debt-to-EBITDA is a non-GAAP ratio. Adjusted debt and adjusted comparable EBITDA are the non-GAAP measures used to calculate debt-to-EBITDA. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information. (2) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations.

### Low-risk, utility-like business supports leverage

100 7.50x % rate-regulated or take-or-pay 2024E comparable EBITDA<sup>(2)</sup> 6.50x **Utilities** Peer Debt-to-EBITDA 5.50x Average: 5.7x ~95% ~97% () TC Energy raterate-4.50x regulated or regulated or ~62% take-or-pay take-or-pay **Midstream Peer** rate-3.50x Average: 3.7x regulated or take-or-pay 2.50x А Α-BBB+ BBB BBB -0 Average credit rating 3.0x 6.5x 5.7x 3.7x TC Energy Midstream Utilities 4.75x Debt-to-EBITDA Utility Midstream ()) TC Energy peer average peer average

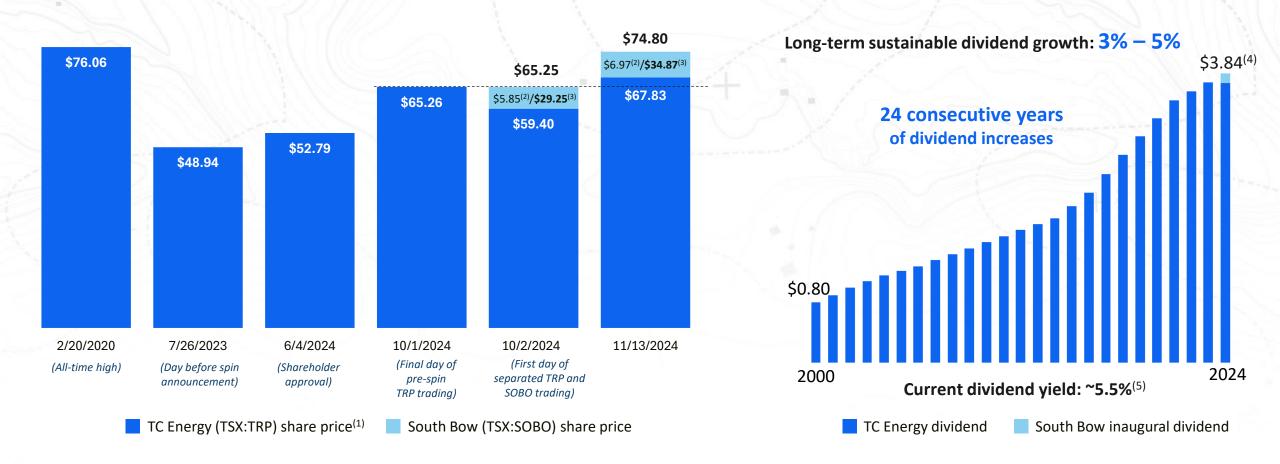
% rate-regulated or take-or-pay vs. average debt-to-EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>

Average debt-to-EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> vs. credit rating

TC Energy is one of two midstream peers with an 'Excellent' business risk profile

Source: TC Energy reflects long-term debt-to-EBITDA target and S&P business risk profile as of November 8, 2024. Peer debt-to-EBITDA (2023) and business risk profile reflect S&P figures as of November 8, 2024. Per cent rate-regulated or take-or-pay sourced form investor materials. (1) Debt-to-EBITDA is a non-GAAP ratio. Adjusted debt and adjusted comparable EBITDA are the non-GAAP measures used to calculate debt-to-EBITDA. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information. (2) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information. Please refer to the Appendix for reconciliations.

### Solid growth, low risk, repeatable performance



#### • TC Energy has a history of delivering long-term shareholder value

(1) Historical TC Energy pre-spin share prices shown unadjusted for the spinoff.

(2) Represents South Bow share prices as traded on the TSX multiplied by the 0.2x spinoff distribution ratio for comparability to TC Energy pre-spin share prices.

(3) South Bow share prices as traded on the TSX.

(4) Based on 2024 TC Energy declared dividends, plus the South Bow inaugural dividend.

(5) Dividend yield as of market close November 13, 2024 reflecting a share price of \$67.83.

## Q&A panel



**François Poirier** President and Chief Executive Officer



Sean O'Donnell Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer



**Stanley G. Chapman, III** Executive Vice-President and Chief Operating Officer, Natural Gas Pipelines



#### **Annesley Wallace**

Executive Vice-President, Strategy and Corporate Development and President, Power and Energy Solutions

# SOLID GROWTH : LOW RISK : REPEATABLE PERFORMANCE TC Energy Investor Day Key Takeaways:



Focused natural gas and power company



**Opportunities to capture highest-value projects** with visibility to the end of the decade



Disciplined capital allocation supports above average growth with below average risk

# THANK YOU

() TC Ener

# Please scan the QR code to complete the post-event survey.

A link to the post-event survey is also available on the home page of the webcast platform



### .....

### Modelling notes

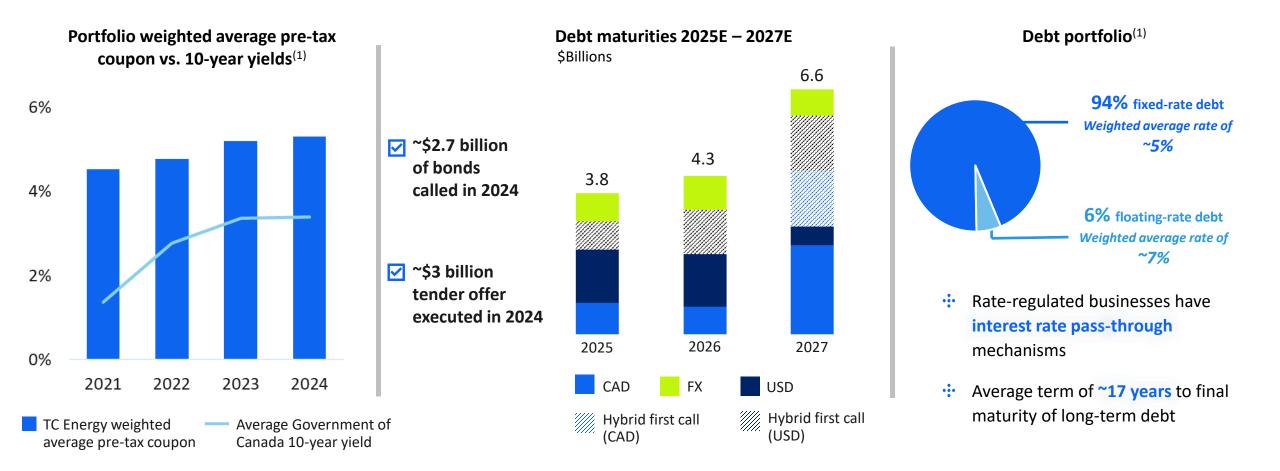
| 0                     | ,<br>   |  |
|-----------------------|---------|--|
|                       |         | Debt portfolio ~94% fixed rate; long-term debt with average term of ~17 years to final maturity                            |
| Interest rates        | •••     | Regulatory and commercial arrangements mitigate impact of rate movements   |
|                       | 5 • • • | Interest rate sensitivity: Δ +/- 25 bps  |
|                       |         | Financial charges: \$10 million  |
|                       |         | <ul> <li>Comparable EPS<sup>(1)</sup>: ~\$0.01</li> </ul>  |
|                       | • • •   | Expected normalized income tax rate of low-to-mid twenties   |
| Income tax            |         | Split between current and deferred oscillates in 30% – 60% band  |
|                       | • • •   | On average represents ~2.5% of gross plant, property and equipment per annum   |
| Depreciation          |         | ··· Lever to manage return of capital based on expected economic life of assets  |
|                       |         |  |
|                       |         | ··· Structurally long ~US\$1.5 billion per annum after-tax income; actively hedge residual exposure over rolling 36-months |
| Foreign               | •••     | 🕂 2024 comparable EPS <sup>(1)</sup> hedged at an average rate of 1.35   |
| exchange              | •••     | Foreign exchange sensitivity: Δ +/- \$0.01 USD/CAD   |
| 0                     |         | EBITDA: \$45 million   |
|                       |         | <ul> <li>Comparable EPS<sup>(1)</sup>: minimal impact in 2024 or 2025, ~\$0.01 on long-term</li> </ul>                     |
| Debt-to-              | • • •   | Leverage sensitivity:  |
| EBITDA <sup>(2)</sup> | •••     | • $\sim$ \$200 million comparable EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup> = 0.1x debt-to-EBITDA  |
|                       | •••     | <ul> <li>~\$1 billion capital or debt reduction = 0.1x debt-to-EBITDA</li> </ul>   |

Note: As of third quarter 2024 financial results.

(1) Comparable EBITDA and comparable EPS are non-GAAP measures. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more information.

(2) Debt-to-EBITDA is a non-GAAP ratio. Adjusted debt and adjusted comparable EBITDA are the non-GAAP measures used to calculate debt-to-EBITDA. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and the Appendix for more formation.

### Debt portfolio notes



#### • Reduced long-term debt by \$7.6 billion in October 2024

(1) As of third quarter 2024 financial results. Note: Average forecast foreign exchange assumption USD/CAD: 1.35.

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# • Appendix

#### **Non-GAAP** reconciliations

Appendix A: Comparable EBITDA

**Appendix B:** Net Income (loss) to comparable earnings

**Appendix C:** Net cash provided by operations to comparable funds generated from operations

**Appendix D:** Adjusted debt/adjusted comparable EBITDA (debt-to-EBITDA)

Appendix E: Net cash provided by operations to AFFO

Appendix F: Chart - segmented earnings and comparable EBITDA

Appendix G: Unlevered after-tax internal rate of return (ATIRR)

Note: Financial figures relating to 2024 or earlier disclosed in this presentation include contributions from Liquids Pipelines, unless otherwise specified. Forward-looking financial figures disclosed in this presentation do not include any anticipated results from the Liquids Pipelines business segment.

# Appendix A – Non-GAAP reconciliations – comparable EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>

Year ended

56

#### (Millions of dollars)

|   | December 31 |         |
|---|-------------|---------|
|   | 2023        | 2022    |
| Total segmented earnings (losses)                           | 6,136       | 3,632   |
| Interest expense  | (3,263)     | (2,588) |
| Allowance for funds used during construction                | 575         | 369     |
| Foreign exchange gains (losses), net                        | 320         | (185)   |
| Interest income and other                                   | 242         | 146     |
| Income (loss) before income taxes                           | 4,010       | 1,374   |
| Income tax (expense) recovery                               | (942)       | (589)   |
| Net income (loss)   | 3,068       | 785     |
| Net (income) loss attributable to non-controlling interests | (146)       | (37)    |
| Net income (loss) attributable to controlling interests     | 2,922       | 748     |
| Preferred share dividends                                   | (93)        | (107)   |
| Net income (loss) attributable to common shares             | 2,829       | 641     |
|   |             |         |

|  | Year ended<br>December 31 |         |
|--|---------------------------|---------|
|  |                           |         |
|  | 2023                      | 2022    |
| Comparable EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>                                     | 10,988                    | 9,901   |
| Depreciation and amortization  | (2,778)                   | (2,584) |
| Interest expense included in comparable earnings                     | (3,253)                   | (2,588) |
| Allowance for funds used during construction                         | 575                       | 369     |
| Foreign exchange gains (losses), net included in comparable earnings | 118                       | (8)     |
| Interest income and other included in comparable earnings            | 278                       | 146     |
| Income tax (expense) recovery included in comparable earnings        | (1,037)                   | (813)   |
| Net (income) loss attributable to non-controlling interests          | (146)                     | (37)    |
| Preferred share dividends  | (93)                      | (107)   |
| Comparable earnings <sup>(1)</sup>                                   | 4,652                     | 4,279   |

## Appendix B – Non-GAAP reconciliations – Net income (loss) to comparable earnings

| (Millions of dollars, except per share amounts)   |                  | Year ended<br>December 31 |  |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|--|
| (minions of donars, except per share anothers)  | December<br>2023 | 2022                      |  |
| Net income (loss) attributable to common shares<br>Specific items (net of tax):                     | 2,829            | 641                       |  |
| Coastal GasLink impairment charge   | 1,943            | 2,643                     |  |
| Keystone XL asset impairment charge and other   | (18)             | 5                         |  |
| Foreign exchange (gains) losses, net – intercompany loan  | 44               |                           |  |
| Expected credit loss provision on net investment in leases and certain contract assets in Mexico    | (55)             | 114                       |  |
| Liquids Pipelines business separation costs   | 34               | _                         |  |
| Focus Project costs   | 48               | _                         |  |
| Keystone regulatory decisions   | 52               | 20                        |  |
| Keystone XL preservation and other  | 14               | 19                        |  |
| Milepost 14 insurance expense   | 36               | _                         |  |
| Great Lakes goodwill impairment charge  | _                | 531                       |  |
| Settlement of Mexico prior years' income tax assessments  | —                | 196                       |  |
| Bruce Power unrealized fair value adjustments   | (5)              | 13                        |  |
| Risk management activities  | (270)            | 97                        |  |
| Comparable earnings <sup>(1)</sup>  | 4,652            | 4,279                     |  |
| Net income (loss) per common share  | 2.75             | 0.64                      |  |
| Specific items (net of tax):  |                  |                           |  |
| Coastal GasLink impairment charge   | 1.89             | 2.66                      |  |
| Keystone XL asset impairment charge and other   | (0.02)           | 0.01                      |  |
| Foreign exchange (gains) losses, net – intercompany loan  | 0.04             | _                         |  |
| Expected credit loss provision on net investment in leases and certain contract<br>assets in Mexico | (0.05)           | 0.11                      |  |
| Liquids Pipelines business separation costs   | 0.03             | —                         |  |
| Focus Project costs   | 0.05             | —                         |  |
| Keystone regulatory decisions   | 0.05             | 0.02                      |  |
| Keystone XL preservation and other  | 0.01             | 0.02                      |  |
| Milepost 14 insurance expense   | 0.03             | —                         |  |
| Great Lakes goodwill impairment charge  | —                | 0.53                      |  |
| Settlement of Mexico prior years' income tax assessments  | _                | 0.20                      |  |
| Bruce Power unrealized fair value adjustments   | _                | 0.01                      |  |
| Risk management activities  | (0.26)           | 0.10                      |  |
| Comparable earnings per common share <sup>(1)</sup>   | 4.52             | 4.30                      |  |

(1) Comparable earnings and comparable earnings per common share are non-GAAP measures. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information.

### Appendix C – Non-GAAP reconciliations – Net cash provided by operations to comparable funds generated from operations<sup>(1)</sup> (Millions of dollars)

| haroy   | Year ended |       |  |
|---|------------|-------|--|
|   | Decemb     | er 31 |  |
|   | 2023       | 2022  |  |
| Net cash provided by operations   | 7,268      | 6,375 |  |
| Increase (decrease) in operating working capital                            | (207)      | 639   |  |
| Funds generated from operations <sup>(1)</sup>                              | 7,061      | 7,014 |  |
| Specific items:   |            |       |  |
| Current income tax expense on disposition of equity interest <sup>(2)</sup> | 736        | _     |  |
| Liquids Pipelines business separation costs                                 | 40         | _     |  |
| Focus Project costs, net of current income tax                              | 54         | _     |  |
| Keystone regulatory decisions, net of current income tax                    | 53         | 27    |  |
| Keystone XL preservation and other, net of current income tax               | 14         | 20    |  |
| Current income tax expense on Keystone XL asset impairment charge and other | (14)       | 96    |  |
| Milepost 14 insurance expense   | 36         | —     |  |
| Settlement of Mexico prior years' income tax assessments                    |            | 196   |  |
| Comparable funds generated from operations <sup>(1)</sup>                   | 7,980      | 7,353 |  |
|   |            |       |  |

(1) Funds generated from operations and comparable funds generated from operations are non-GAAP measures. See the non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information.

(2) Current income tax expense related to applying an approximate 24 per cent tax rate to the tax gain on sale of a 40 per cent non-controlling equity interest in Columbia Gas and Columbia Gulf. This is offset by a corresponding deferred tax recovery resulting in no net impact to tax expense.

# Appendix D – Non-GAAP reconciliations – adjusted debt/adjusted comparable EBITDA (Debt-to-EBITDA)

Adjusted debt and adjusted comparable EBITDA are non-GAAP measures used to compute the debt-to-EBITDA multiple. Each of adjusted debt and adjusted comparable EBITDA measures does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

Adjusted debt is defined as the sum of Reported total debt, including Notes payable, Long-Term Debt, Current portion of long-term debt and Junior Subordinated Notes, as reported on our Consolidated balance sheet as well as Operating lease liabilities recognized on our Consolidated balance sheet and 50 per cent of Preferred Shares as reported on our Consolidated balance sheet due to the debt-like nature of their contractual and financial obligations, less Cash and cash equivalents as reported on our Consolidated balance sheet and 50 per cent of Junior Subordinated Notes as reported on our Consolidated balance sheet and 50 per cent of Junior Subordinated Notes as reported on our Consolidated balance sheet due to the equity-like nature of their contractual and financial obligations.

Adjusted comparable EBITDA is calculated as comparable EBITDA excluding Operating lease costs recorded in Plant operating costs and other in our Consolidated statement of income and adjusted for Distributions received in excess of income from equity investments as reported in our Consolidated statement of cash flows which is more reflective of the cash flows available to TC Energy to service our debt and other long-term commitments. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of the presentation for more information.

### Appendix D – Non-GAAP reconciliations –

### adjusted debt/adjusted comparable EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> (debt-to-EBITDA) (Millions of dollars)

|   | Year ended |             |         |  |
|---|------------|-------------|---------|--|
|   | D          | December 31 |         |  |
|   | 2023       | 2022        | 2021    |  |
| Reported total debt   | 63,201     | 58,300      | 52,766  |  |
| Management adjustments:   |            |             | ·       |  |
| Debt treatment of preferred shares <sup>(2)</sup>                         | 1,250      | 1,250       | 1,744   |  |
| Equity treatment of junior subordinated notes <sup>(3)</sup>              | (5,144)    | (5,248)     | (4,470) |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | (3,678)    | (620)       | (673)   |  |
| Operating lease liabilities   | 459        | 433         | 429     |  |
| Adjusted debt   | 56,088     | 54,115      | 49,796  |  |
| Comparable EBITDA <sup>(4)</sup>  | 10,988     | 9,901       | 9,368   |  |
| Operating lease cost  | 118        | 106         | 105     |  |
| Distributions received in excess of (income) loss from equity investments | (123)      | (29)        | 77      |  |
| Adjusted Comparable EBITDA  | 10,983     | 9,978       | 9,550   |  |
| Adjusted Debt/Adjusted Comparable EBITDA                                  | 5.1        | 5.4         | 5.2     |  |

(1) Adjusted debt and Adjusted Comparable EBITDA are non-GAAP measures. Management methodology. Individual rating agency calculations will differ.

(2) 50 per cent debt treatment on \$2.5 billion of preferred shares as of December 31, 2023.

(3) 50 per cent equity treatment on \$10.3 billion of junior subordinated notes as of December 31, 2023. U.S. dollar-denominated notes translated at December 31, 2023, foreign exchange rate of 1.32.

(4) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and Appendix A and B for more information.

# Appendix E – Non-GAAP reconciliations – AFFO reconciliation

AFFO or "adjusted funds generated from operations" represents comparable FGFO, adjusted to reflect non-controlling interest distributions before capex contributions and debt recapitalization. AFFO is a non-GAAP measure which does not have any standardized meaning under U.S. GAAP and is therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. The most directly comparable measure is net cash provided by operations presented in our financial statements. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of the presentation for more information. Our 2023 and future period AFFO disclosed in this presentation do not include any anticipated results from our Liquids Pipelines business segment. Historical AFFO for 2023 and 2022 were \$7.7 billion and \$7.3 billion respectively, including the results of our Liquids Pipelines business. Our full-year net cash provided by operations for 2023 and 2022 were \$7.3 billion and \$6.4 billion, respectively.

We believe AFFO is a useful measure of our consolidated operating cash flows because it excludes fluctuations from working capital balances, which do not necessarily reflect underlying operations in the same period and is used to provide a consistent measure of the cash-generating ability of our businesses. We calculate forward looking AFFO measures to exclude expected non-controlling interest distributions before capex contributions and debt recapitalization related primarily to our disposition of a 40% interest in Columbia Gas and Columbia Gulf assets, to provide a measure of the cash-generating ability of our businesses following the completion of the sale of this interest. Historical AFFO amounts have not been adjusted to reflect this sale.

### Appendix E – Non-GAAP reconciliations – AFFO reconciliation (Millions of dollars)

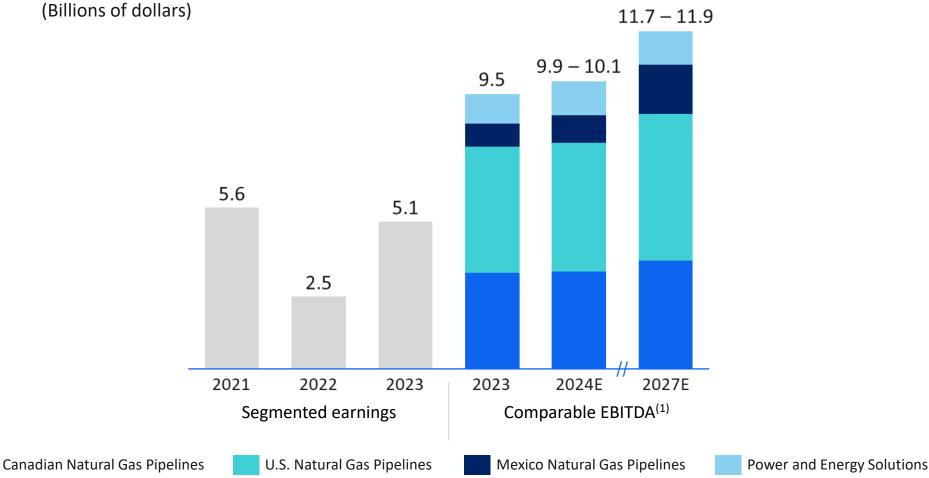
| llars) |   | Year ended<br>December 31 |       |
|--------|---|---------------------------|-------|
|        |   |                           |       |
|        |   | 2023                      | 2022  |
|        | Net cash provided by operations   | 7,268                     | 6,375 |
|        | Increase (decrease) in operating working capital                            | (207)                     | 639   |
|        | Funds generated from operations <sup>(1)</sup><br>Specific items:           | 7,061                     | 7,014 |
|        | Current income tax expense on disposition of equity interest $^{(2)}$       | 736                       | _     |
|        | Focus Project costs, net of current income tax                              | 54                        | _     |
|        | Keystone regulatory decisions, net of current income tax                    | 53                        | 27    |
|        | Liquids Pipelines business separation costs                                 | 40                        | _     |
|        | Milepost 14 insurance expense   | 36                        | _     |
|        | Settlement of Mexico prior years' income tax assessments                    | _                         | 196   |
|        | Keystone XL preservation and other, net of current income tax               | 14                        | 20    |
|        | Current income tax expense on Keystone XL asset impairment charge and other | (14)                      | 96    |
|        | Comparable funds generated from operations <sup>(1)</sup>                   | 7,980                     | 7,353 |
|        | NCI distributions (pre-capex and debt recap)                                | (246)                     | (44)  |
|        | Adjusted FGFO (AFFO)  | 7,734                     | 7,309 |
|        |   |                           |       |

(1) Funds generated from operations, comparable funds generated from operations and adjusted funds from operations are non-GAAP measures. See the non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation for more information.

(2) Current income tax expense related to applying an approximate 24 per cent tax rate to the tax gain on sale of a 40 per cent non-controlling equity interest in Columbia Gas and Columbia Gulf. This is offset by a corresponding deferred tax recovery resulting in no net impact to tax expense.

# Appendix F – Non-GAAP reconciliations – segmented earnings and comparable EBITDA

**Comparable EBITDA**<sup>(1)</sup> **outlook** (excludes Liquids Pipelines)



(1) Comparable EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of this presentation and Appendix A and B for more information.

# Appendix G – Non-GAAP measures – Unlevered after-tax internal rate of return

Unlevered after-tax internal rate of return or "ATIRR" represents the expected compound annual return of a project or investment, and prior to any assumption of debt and/or equity financing. ATIRR may be calculated using different assumptions depending on the project or business segment. ATIRR is a non-GAAP measure which does not have any standardized meaning under U.S. GAAP and is therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. See the forward-looking information and non-GAAP measures slide at the front of the presentation for more information.

We believe ATIRR is a useful measure to evaluate expected project returns relative to established hurdle rates and/or alternative projects being considered for capital allocation purposes.